



según el Reglamento REACH (CE) 1907/2006 modificado por el Reglamento (CE) 2020/878 Fecha de revisión: 22/09/2021 Reemplaza la versión de: 06/02/2021 Versión: 7.0

## SECCIÓN 1: Identificación de la sustancia o la mezcla y de la sociedad o la empresa

## 1.1. Identificador del producto

Forma del producto : Mezcla

Nombre : L-acido lactico

Nombre comercial : PURAC® 50-100

PURAC® 80 FG

PURAC® 88-LT, 88-T

PURAC® FCC 50, FCC 80, FCC 85, FCC 88

PURAC® FIT Plus 90

PURAC® HiPure 51, HiPure 90

PURAC® HS 50, HS 80, HS 88, HS 90, HS 93, HS 95, HS 100

PURAC® PF 90 PURAC® PH 91

PURAC® UltraPure 50, UltraPure 90

PURAC® Vin
PURAC® DEX 185
PURAC® HS Pure 90
PURAC® HS Pure 50

## 1.2. Usos pertinentes identificados de la sustancia o de la mezcla y usos desaconsejados

#### 1.2.1. Usos pertinentes identificados

Uso de la sustancia/mezcla : Aditivo alimentario

Especialidad química

Véase el anexo para obtener información más detallada.

1.2.2. Usos desaconsejados:

Restricciones de utilización : No se dispone de más información

## 1.3. Datos del proveedor de la ficha de datos de seguridad

#### Proveedor

Purac Biochem bv Arkelsedijk 46 4206 AC Gorinchem

T +31 183 695695 - F +31 183 695604

sds@corbion.com

#### 1.4. Teléfono de emergencia

Número de emergencia : Call CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 CCN 18135

País	Organismo/Empresa	Dirección	Número de emergencia	Comentario
España	Servicio de Información Toxicológica	C/José Echegaray nº4	+34 91 562 04 20	(solo emergencias
	Instituto Nacional de Toxicología y	28232 Las Rozas de Madrid		toxicológicas),
	Ciencias Forenses, Departamento de			Información en español
	Madrid			(24h/365 días)

## SECCIÓN 2: Identificación de los peligros

#### 2.1. Clasificación de la sustancia o de la mezcla

Clasificación según Reglamento (UE) nº 1272/2008 [CLP]

Irritación o corrosión cutáneas, categoría 1, subcategoría 1C

H314

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Lesiones oculares graves o irritación ocular, categoría 1 Texto completo de las frases H y EUH: ver sección 16 H318

Efectos adversos fisicoquímicos, para la salud humana y el medio ambiente

Provoca quemaduras graves en la piel y lesiones oculares graves.

#### 2.2. Elementos de la etiqueta

Etiquetado según el Reglamento (CE) nº 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogramas de peligro (CLP)



GHS0!

Palabra de advertencia (CLP) : Peligro

Contiene : Ácido L-(+)-láctico

Indicaciones de peligro (CLP) : H314 - Provoca quemaduras graves en la piel y lesiones oculares graves.

Consejos de prudencia (CLP) : P260 - No respirar los vapores, la niebla.

P280 - Llevar guantes/prendas/gafas/máscara de protección.

P301+P330+P331 - EN CASO DE INGESTIÓN: Enjuagarse la boca. NO provocar el vómito.

P303+P361+P353 - EN CASO DE CONTACTO CON LA PIEL (o el pelo): Quitar inmediatamente todas

las prendas contaminadas. Aclararse la piel con agua/ducharse.

P305+P351+P338 - EN CASO DE CONTACTO CON LOS OJOS: Aclarar cuidadosamente con agua durante varios minutos. Quitar las lentes de contacto, si lleva y resulta fácil. Seguir aclarando.

P363 - Lavar las prendas contaminadas antes de volver a usarlas.

Frases EUH : EUH071 - Corrosivo para las vías respiratorias.

2.3. Otros peligros

Otros riesgos que no aparecen en la clasificación : No hay información adicional.

Componente		
Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4)	Esta sustancia/mezcla no cumple los criterios PBT del anexo XIII del Reglamento REACH Esta sustancia/mezcla no cumple los criterios mPmB del anexo XIII del Reglamento REACH	

La mezcla no contiene sustancias incluidas en la lista establecida con arreglo al artículo 59, apartado 1, por sus propiedades de alteración endocrina, o sustancias que se hayan identificado con propiedades de alteración endocrina con arreglo a los criterios establecidos en el Reglamento Delegado (UE) 2017/2100 de la Comisión o en el Reglamento (UE) 2018/605 de la Comisión

## SECCIÓN 3: Composición/información sobre los componentes

#### 3.1. Sustancias

No aplicable

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## 3.2. Mezclas

Nombre	Identificador del producto	Konc. (% w/w)	Clasificación según Reglamento (UE) n° 1272/2008 [CLP]
Ácido L-(+)-láctico	(N° CAS) 79-33-4 (N° CE) 201-196-2 (N° Índice) 607-743-00-5 (REACH-no) 01-2119474164-39-0000; 01- 2119474164-39-0013	≥ 50	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318





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Texto completo de las frases H y EUH: ver sección 16

## **SECCIÓN 4: Primeros auxilios**

## 4.1. Descripción de los primeros auxilios

Medidas de primeros auxilios general

Medidas de primeros auxilios en caso de inhalación

Medidas de primeros auxilios en caso de contacto con la

piel

Medidas de primeros auxilios en caso de contacto con

los ojos

Medidas de primeros auxilios en caso de ingestión

: Llamar inmediatamente a un médico.

Transportar a la persona al aire libre y mantenerla en una posición que le facilite la respiración.

Quitar inmediatamente todas las prendas contaminadas. Aclararse la piel con agua/ducharse.

Llamar inmediatamente a un médico.

: Aclarar cuidadosamente con agua durante varios minutos. Quitar las lentes de contacto, si lleva y

resulta fácil. Seguir aclarando. Llamar inmediatamente a un médico.

: Enjuagarse la boca. No provocar el vómito. Beber varios vasos de agua. Llamar inmediatamente a un médico.

## 4.2. Principales síntomas y efectos, agudos y retardados

Síntomas/efectos después de contacto con la piel

Síntomas/efectos después del contacto con el ojo

Síntomas/efectos después de ingestión

: Quemaduras, Enrojecimiento, Dolor,

: Sensación de quemazón. Dolor. Enrojecimiento. Lágrimas.

Quemaduras en las mucosas gastrointestinales.

## 4.3. Indicación de toda atención médica y de los tratamientos especiales que deban dispensarse inmediatamente

Tratamiento sintomático. Si la respiración es dificultosa, administrar oxígeno. Mantener a la víctima bajo observación. La aparición de los síntomas puede retardarse.

## SECCIÓN 5: Medidas de lucha contra incendios

#### 5.1. Medios de extinción

Medios de extinción apropiados : Agua pulverizada. Polvo seco. Espuma. Dióxido de carbono.

Medios de extinción no apropiados : No utilizar chorros de agua concentrados, ya que podrían dispersar y extender el fuego.

## 5.2. Peligros específicos derivados de la sustancia o la mezcla

Peligro de incendio : Sin riesgos de incendio.

Peligro de explosión : Sin peligro directo de explosión.

Productos de descomposición peligrosos en caso de

incendio

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: En caso de incendio se forman humos peligrosos: Monóxido de carbono, Dióxido de carbono.

## 5.3. Recomendaciones para el personal de lucha contra incendios

Instrucciones para extinción de incendio : Evacuar al personal a lugar seguro. Enfriar los contenedores expuestos mediante agua pulverizada o

nebulizada. Evitar que las aguas residuales de extinción de incendios contaminen el medio

ambiente.

Protección durante la extinción de incendios : No intervenir sin equipo de protección adecuado. Aparato autónomo y aislante de protección

respiratoria. Protección completa del cuerpo.

## SECCIÓN 6: Medidas en caso de vertido accidental

## 6.1. Precauciones personales, equipo de protección y procedimientos de emergencia

## 6.1.1. Para el personal que no forma parte de los servicios de emergencia

Equipo de protección : Llevar el equipo de protección individual recomendado.

Procedimientos de emergencia : Evacuar el personal no necesario. Ventilar la zona de derrame. No toque ni camine sobre el producto derramado. Evitar respirar la niebla, los vapores. Evitar el contacto con los ojos y la piel.

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#### 6.1.2. Para el personal de emergencia

Equipo de protección : No intervenir sin equipo de protección adecuado. Para más información, ver sección 8 : "Control de la exposición-protección individual".

#### 6.2. Precauciones relativas al medio ambiente

Evitar su liberación al medio ambiente.

#### 6.3. Métodos y material de contención y de limpieza

Para retención : Detener la fuga, si no hay peligro en hacerlo. Confinar todo tipo de fugas o derrames mediante

diques o productos absorbentes para evitar el desplazamiento y la entrada en el alcantarillado o

cursos de agua.

Procedimientos de limpieza : Grandes cantidades: Cubrir el derrame con un material incombustible, p. e. arena, tierra o

vermiculita. Barrer o recoger con pala y depositar en recipientes para su posterior eliminación. Avisar a las autoridades si el producto llega a los desagües o las conducciones públicas de agua. Cantidades pequeñas de vertido líquido: recoger con material absorbente incombustible y guardar en recipiente para eliminación. Después de la limpieza, eliminar los restos de producto con agua. Aclarar con agua abundante las superficies contaminadas. No devolver nunca el producto

derramado a su recipiente de origen para una posible reutilización.

Otros datos : Eliminar los materiales o residuos sólidos en un centro autorizado.

#### 6.4. Referencia a otras secciones

Para más información, ver sección 8: "Control de la exposición-protección individual". Para más información, ver sección 13.

## SECCIÓN 7: Manipulación y almacenamiento

#### 7.1. Precauciones para una manipulación segura

Precauciones para una manipulación segura : El puesto de trabajo ha de estar bien ventilado. Evitar el contacto con los ojos y la piel. Llevar un

equipo de protección individual. No respirar los vapores, la niebla. Manipular practicando una

buena higiene industrial y aplicando procedimientos de seguridad.

Temperatura de manipulación : < 200 °C

Medidas de higiene : Lavar las prendas contaminadas antes de volver a usarlas. No comer, beber ni fumar durante su

utilización. Lavarse las manos después de cualquier manipulación.

## 7.2. Condiciones de almacenamiento seguro, incluidas posibles incompatibilidades

Condiciones de almacenamiento : Consérvese el recipiente en lugar fresco y bien ventilado y manténgase bien cerrado. Guardar bajo

llave.

Materiales incompatibles : Agente oxidante. Bases. Ácidos. Metales.

Temperatura de almacenamiento : < 200 °C

Lugar de almacenamiento : Almacenar de conformidad con la normativa local.

7.3. Usos específicos finales

Anexo.

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## SECCIÓN 8: Controles de exposición/protección individual

#### 8.1. Parámetros de control

8.1.1 Valores límite nacionales de exposición profesional y biológicos

No se dispone de más información

8.1.2. Métodos de seguimiento recomendados

No se dispone de más información

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## Fichas de Datos de Seguridad según el Reglamento REACH (CE) 1907/2006 modificado por el Reglamento (CE) 2020/878

#### 8.1.3. Contaminantes del aire formados

No se dispone de más información

## **8.1.4. DNEL y PNEC**

No se dispone de más información

#### 8.1.5. Bandas de control

No se dispone de más información

#### 8.2. Controles de la exposición

#### 8.2.1. Controles técnicos apropiados

#### Controles técnicos apropiados:

Prever fuentes de emergencia para el lavado de ojos y duchas de seguridad en las áreas con riesgo de exposición. No exponer a temperaturas superiores a 200 °C / 392 °F. El puesto de trabajo ha de estar bien ventilado.

#### 8.2.2. Equipos de protección personal

#### Equipo de protección individual:

Llevar el equipo de protección individual recomendado.

## Símbolo/s del equipo de protección personal:











## 8.2.2.1. Protección de los ojos y la cara

Protección ocular:				
Gafas de seguridad. En caso de riesgo de proyección de líquido: Pantalla facial				
Tipo Campo de aplicación Características Norma				
Gafas de seguridad Gotas, Aerosoles EN 166				
Pantalla facial Gotas, Aerosoles EN 166				

## 8.2.2.2. Protección de la piel

Protección de la piel y del cuerpo:		
Llevar ropa de protección adecuada		
Tipo Norma		
Ropa de protección con mangas largas EN 13034		
Botas de seguridad (por encima de los tobillos)  EN 13832		
Grandes cantidades, En caso de riesgo de proyección de líquido: Delantal EN 14605		

Protección de las manos:					
Guantes de protección					
Tipo	Material	Permeabilidad	Espesor (mm)	Penetración	Norma
Guantes de protección	Caucho butilo, Caucho cloropreno (CR), Cloruro de polivinilo (PVC)	6 (> 480 minutos)	0.5		EN 374



## L-acido lactico

## Fichas de Datos de Seguridad

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Guantes de protección	Caucho nitrílico (NBR)	6 (> 480 minutos)	0.35	EN 374
Guantes de protección	Fluoroelastómero (FKM)	6 (> 480 minutos)	0.4	EN 374

#### 8.2.2.3. Protección de las vías respiratorias

Protección de las vías respiratorias:			
Durante las pulverizaciones, llevar un aparato respiratorio adecuado. Sistemas abiertos			
Aparato Tipo de filtro Condición Norma			
Máscara completa	Tipo A: Compuestos orgánicos con punto de ebullición elevado (>65°C)	Aerosoles, Gotas	EN 136, EN 14387

#### 8.2.2.4. Peligros térmicos

No se dispone de más información

8.2.3. Control de la exposición ambiental

## Control de la exposición ambiental:

Evitar su liberación al medio ambiente.

#### Otros datos:

Manipular practicando una buena higiene industrial y aplicando procedimientos de seguridad. No comer, beber ni fumar durante su utilización. Lavarse las manos después de cualquier manipulación. Evitar el contacto con la piel, los ojos y la ropa. Los trabajadores deben recibir formación sobre el uso y la manipulación adecuados de este producto, tal como lo exija la normativa aplicable. Limpiar frecuentemente el equipo, la zona de trabajo y la ropa.

## SECCIÓN 9: Propiedades físicas y químicas

## 9.1. Información sobre propiedades físicas y químicas básicas

Forma/estado : Líquido

Color : Incoloro. Amarillento.

Apariencia : Claro.

Característico. : No disponible Umbral olfativo Punto de fusión : No disponible Punto de solidificación : No disponible Punto de ebullición : 120 - 130 °C Inflamabilidad : No disponible Límites de explosión : No disponible Límite inferior de explosividad (LIE) : No disponible Límite superior de explosividad (LSE) : No disponible Punto de inflamación : No disponible Temperatura de autoignición : > 400 °C 93% w/w

Temperatura de descomposición :  $> 200\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  pH :  $< 1,2\,(25\,^{\circ}\text{C})$  Viscosidad, cinemática : No disponible Viscosidad, dinámica :  $5-60\,\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s}\,(25\,^{\circ}\text{C})$  Solubilidad : Miscible con agua.

Coeficiente de partición n-octanol/agua (Log Kow) : No disponible

Coeficiente de partición n-octanol/agua (Log Pow) : -0,62

Presión de vapor : No disponible

Presión de vapor a 50°C : No disponible

Densidad : 1,2 g/cm³

Densidad relativa : No disponible

Densidad relativa de vapor a 20 °C : No disponible

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Tamaño de las partículas : No aplicable Distribución del tamaño de las partículas : No aplicable : No aplicable Forma de las partículas Relación de aspecto de las partículas : No aplicable Estado de agregación de las partículas : No aplicable Estado de aglomeración de las partículas : No aplicable Área de superficie específica de las partículas : No aplicable Generación de polvo de las partículas : No aplicable

## 9.2. Otros datos

#### 9.2.1. Información relativa a las clases de peligro físico

No se dispone de más información

9.2.2. Otras características de seguridad

Tensión superficial : 44 - 50 mN/m @50 - 90%

## SECCIÓN 10: Estabilidad y reactividad

#### 10.1. Reactividad

El producto no es reactivo en condiciones normales de utilización, almacenamiento y transporte.

#### 10.2. Estabilidad química

Estable en condiciones normales.

## 10.3. Posibilidad de reacciones peligrosas

No se producen reacciones peligrosas conocidas en condiciones normales de utilización.

## 10.4. Condiciones que deben evitarse

No exponer a temperaturas superiores a 200 °C / 392 °F.

#### 10.5. Materiales incompatibles

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Agente oxidante. Bases. Ácidos. Metales.

## 10.6. Productos de descomposición peligrosos

En caso de incendio se forman humos peligrosos: Dióxido de carbono, Monóxido de carbono.

## SECCIÓN 11: Información toxicológica

## 11.1. Información sobre las clases de peligro definidas en el Reglamento (CE) n.º 1272/2008

Toxicidad aguda (oral) : No clasificado
Toxicidad aguda (cutánea) : No clasificado
Toxicidad aguda (inhalación) : No clasificado

Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4)		
DL50 oral rata	3543 mg/kg de peso corporal (EPA OPP 81-1 method)	
DL50 cutáneo conejo	> 2000 mg/kg de peso corporal (EPA OPP 81-2 method)	
CL50 Inhalación - Rata (Polvo/niebla)	> 7,94 mg/l/4h (método OCDE 403)	

Corrosión o irritación cutáneas : Provoca quemaduras graves en la piel.

pH: < 1,2 (25°C)





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Lesiones oculares graves o irritación ocular : Provoca lesiones oculares graves.

pH: < 1,2 (25°C)

Sensibilización respiratoria o cutánea: No clasificadoMutagenicidad en células germinales: No clasificadoCarcinogenicidad: No clasificado

Toxicidad para la reproducción : No clasificado

Toxicidad específica en determinados órganos (STOT) —

exposición única

: No clasificado

Toxicidad específica en determinados órganos (STOT) –

exposición repetida

No clasificado

Peligro por aspiración : No clasificado

11.2. Información sobre otros peligros

11.2.1. Propiedades de alteración endocrina

Efectos adversos para la salud causados por las

propiedades de alteración endocrina

: No aplicable

11.2.2 Otros datos

Efectos adversos y posibles síntomas para la salud

humana

: Enrojecimiento, dolor, Quemaduras, Provoca lesiones oculares graves.

## SECCIÓN 12: Información ecológica

## 12.1. Toxicidad

Ecología - general : El producto no neutralizado puede ser peligroso para los organismos acuáticos.

Peligro a corto plazo (agudo) para el medio ambiente

acuático

: No clasificado

Peligro a largo plazo (crónico) para el medio ambiente

acuático

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: No clasificado

Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4)		
CL50 - Peces [1]	130 – 320 mg/l	
CE50 - Crustáceos [1]	130 – 750 mg/l	
CEr50 algas	3500 mg/l	
NOEC crónico algas	1900 mg/l	

#### 12.2. Persistencia y degradabilidad

L-acido lactico	
Persistencia y degradabilidad	Fácilmente biodegradable.

Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4)	
Persistencia y degradabilidad	Fácilmente biodegradable.

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## 12.3. Potencial de bioacumulación

L-acido lactico	
Coeficiente de partición n-octanol/agua (Log Pow)	-0,62

Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4)	
Coeficiente de partición n-octanol/agua (Log Pow)	-0,54 (método OCDE 107)

#### 12.4. Movilidad en el suelo

No se dispone de más información

## 12.5. Resultados de la valoración PBT y mPmB

Componente	
Ácido L-(+)-láctico (79-33-4) Esta sustancia/mezcla no cumple los criterios PBT del anexo XIII del Reglamento REACH	
	Esta sustancia/mezcla no cumple los criterios mPmB del anexo XIII del Reglamento REACH

## 12.6. Propiedades de alteración endocrina

Efectos adversos en el medio ambiente causados por las : No aplicable propiedades de alteración endocrina

#### 12.7. Otros efectos adversos

No se dispone de más información

## SECCIÓN 13: Consideraciones relativas a la eliminación

## 13.1. Métodos para el tratamiento de residuos

Legislación regional (residuos)

Métodos para el tratamiento de residuos

: Destruir cumpliendo las condiciones de seguridad exigidas por la legislación local/nacional.

: Eliminar el contenido/recipiente de acuerdo con las instrucciones de reciclaje del recolector

homologado.

Recomendaciones para la eliminación de las aguas

residuales

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: Eliminar de acuerdo con la normativa oficial.

Recomendaciones para la eliminación de

productos/envases

: Los recipientes vacíos serán reciclados, reutilizados o eliminados respetando la normativa local.

## SECCIÓN 14: Información relativa al transporte

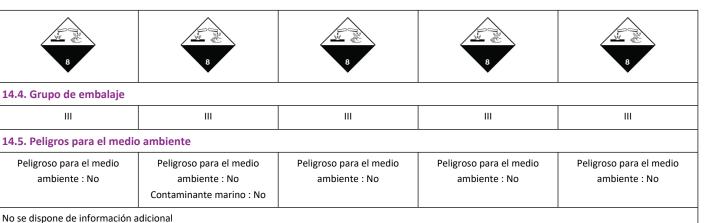
En conformidad con ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. Número ONU o núme	ro ID			
ONU 3265	ONU 3265	ONU 3265	ONU 3265	ONU 3265
14.2. Designación oficial de	14.2. Designación oficial de transporte de las Naciones Unidas			
LÍQUIDO CORROSIVO, ÁCIDO, ORGÁNICO, N.E.P. (Acido lactico)	LÍQUIDO CORROSIVO, ÁCIDO, ORGÁNICO, N.E.P. (Acido lactico)	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Lactic acid)	LÍQUIDO CORROSIVO, ÁCIDO, ORGÁNICO, N.E.P. (Acido lactico)	LÍQUIDO CORROSIVO, ÁCIDO, ORGÁNICO, N.E.P. (Acido lactico)
14.3. Clase(s) de peligro para el transporte				
8	8	8	8	8





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#### 14.6. Precauciones particulares para los usuarios

#### Transporte por vía terrestre

Código de clasificación (ADR): C3Disposiciones especiales (ADR): 274Cantidades limitadas (ADR): 51Cantidades exceptuadas (ADR): E1

Instrucciones de embalaje (ADR) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Disposiciones para el embalaje en común (ADR) : MP19 Instrucciones para cisternas portátiles y contenedores : T7

para granel (ADR)

Disposiciones especiales para cisternas portátiles y

contenedores para granel (ADR)

Código cisterna (ADR) : L4BN
Vehículo para el transporte en cisternas : AT
Categoría de transporte (ADR) : 3
Disposiciones especiales de transporte - Bultos (ADR) : V12
Número de identificación de peligro (código Kemler) : 80

Panel naranja

80 3265

: TP1, TP28

Código de restricciones en túneles (ADR) : E

## Transporte marítimo

Disposiciones especiales (IMDG) : 223, 274 Cantidades limitadas (IMDG) : 5 L : E1 Cantidades exceptuadas (IMDG) Instrucciones de embalaje (IMDG) : P001, LP01 Instrucciones de embalaje GRG (IMDG) : IBC03 Instrucciones para cisternas (IMDG) : T7 Disposiciones especiales para las cisternas (IMDG) : TP1, TP28 N.° FS (Fuego) : F-A : S-B N.° FS (Derrame) Categoría de carga (IMDG) : A Estiba y Manipulación (IMDG) : SW2

Segregación (IMDG) : SGG1, SG36, SG49

Propiedades y observaciones (IMDG) : Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes.

Transporte aéreo

Cantidades exceptuadas para aviones de pasajeros y de : E1

carga (IATA)

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según el Reglamento REACH (CE) 1907/2006 modificado por el Reglamento (CE) 2020/878

Cantidades limitadas para aviones de pasajeros y de

carga (IATA)

: 1L

: Y841

Cantidad neta máxima para cantidad limitada en

aviones de pasajeros y de carga (IATA)

Instrucciones de embalaje para aviones de pasajeros y : 852

de carga (IATA)

Cantidad neta máxima para aviones de pasajeros y de : 5L

carga (IATA)

Instrucciones de embalaje exclusivamente para aviones : 856

de carga (IATA)

Cantidad máx. neta exclusivamente para aviones de : 60L

carga (IATA)

Disposiciones especiales (IATA) : A3, A803

Código GRE (IATA) : 8L

Transporte por vía fluvial

Código de clasificación (ADN): C3Disposiciones especiales (ADN): 274Cantidades limitadas (ADN): 5 LCantidades exceptuadas (ADN): E1Transporte admitido (ADN): TEquipo requerido (ADN): PP, EPNúmero de conos/luces azules (ADN): 0

Transporte ferroviario

Código de clasificación (RID): C3Disposiciones especiales (RID): 274Cantidades limitadas (RID): 5LCantidades exceptuadas (RID): E1

Instrucciones de embalaje (RID) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Disposiciones particulares relativas al embalaje común : MP19

(RID)

Instrucciones para cisternas portátiles y contenedores : T7

para granel (RID)

Disposiciones especiales para cisternas portátiles y : TP1, TP28

contenedores para granel (RID)

 Códigos de cisterna para las cisternas RID (RID)
 : L4BN

 Categoría de transporte (RID)
 : 3

 Disposiciones especiales de transporte - Bultos (RID)
 : W12

 Paquetes exprés (RID)
 : CE8

 N.º de identificación del peligro (RID)
 : 80

14.7. Transporte marítimo a granel con arreglo a los instrumentos de la OMI

No aplicable

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## SECCIÓN 15: Información reglamentaria

15.1. Reglamentación y legislación en materia de seguridad, salud y medio ambiente específicas para la sustancia o la mezcla

#### 15.1.1. Normativa de la UE

Las siguientes restr	Las siguientes restricciones son aplicables de acuerdo con el anexo XVII del Reglamento (CE) n° 1907/2006 (REACH):		
Código de referencia			

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## L-acido lactico

## Fichas de Datos de Seguridad

según el Reglamento REACH (CE) 1907/2006 modificado por el Reglamento (CE) 2020/878

3(b)	L-acido lactico ; Ácido L-(+)-láctico	Sustancias o mezclas que reúnan los criterios de cualquiera de las siguientes clases o
		categorías de peligro establecidas en el anexo I del Reglamento (CE) nº 1272/2008:
		Clases de peligro 3.1 a 3.6, 3.7 efectos adversos sobre la función sexual y la fertilidad o
		sobre el desarrollo, 3.8 efectos distintos de los narcóticos, 3.9 y 3.10

No contiene ninguna sustancia incluida en la lista de sustancias candidatas de REACH

No contiene ninguna sustancia que figure en la lista del Anexo XIV de REACH

No contiene ninguna sustancia sujeta al Reglamento (UE) n° 649/2012 del Parlamento Europeo y del Consejo, de 4 de julio de 2012, relativo a la exportación e importación de productos químicos peligrosos.

No contiene ninguna sustancia sujeta al Reglamento (UE) n° 2019/1021 del Parlamento Europeo y del Consejo, de 20 de junio de 2019, sobre contaminantes orgánicos persistentes

Información adicional, normativa sobre restricciones y : Los menores de 18 años no están autorizados a utilizar el producto. prohibiciones

#### 15.1.2. Normativas nacionales

No incluido en el inventario de la TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) de los Estados Unidos

## 15.2. Evaluación de la seguridad química

Se ha llevado a cabo la Evaluación de la Seguridad Química

## SECCIÓN 16: Otra información

## Indicación de modificaciones:

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Clasificación. Elementos de la etiqueta. Primeros auxilios. Controles de exposición/protección individual. Información toxicológica. Información ecológica. Información relativa al transporte.

Abreviaturas y acrónimos:		
ADN	Acuerdo europeo relativo al transporte internacional de mercancías peligrosas por vías navegables interiores	
ADR	Acuerdo europeo relativo al transporte internacional de mercancías peligrosas por carretera	
ATE	Estimación de la toxicidad aguda	
FBC	Factor de bioconcentración	
VLB (Valor Límite Biológico)	Valor límite biológico	
DBO	Demanda bioquímica de oxígeno (DBO)	
DQO	Demanda química de oxígeno (DQO)	
DMEL	Nivel derivado con efecto mínimo	
DNEL	Nivel sin efecto derivado	
N° CE	número CE	
CE50	Concentración efectiva media	
ED	Propiedades de alteración endocrina	
EN	Norma europea	
CIIC	Centro Internacional de Investigaciones sobre el Cáncer	
IATA	Asociación Internacional de Transporte Aéreo	
IMDG	Código Marítimo Internacional de Mercancías Peligrosas	

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CL50	Concentración letal para el 50 % de una población de pruebas	
LD50	Dosis letal para el 50 % de una población de pruebas (dosis letal media)	
LOAEL	Nivel más bajo con efecto adverso observado	
NOAEC	Concentración sin efecto adverso observado	
NOAEL	Nivel sin efecto adverso observado	
NOEC	Concentración sin efecto observado	
OCDE	Organización para la Cooperación y el Desarrollo Económicos	
VLA	Límite de exposición profesional	
РВТ	Sustancia persistente, bioacumulativa y tóxica	
PNEC	Concentración prevista sin efecto	
RID	Reglamento relativo al transporte internacional de mercancías peligrosas por ferrocarril	
FDS	Fichas de Datos de Seguridad	
STP	Estación depuradora	
DTO	Necesidad teórica de oxígeno (BThO)	
TLM	Tolerancia media limite	
cov	Compuestos orgánicos volátiles	
N° CAS	número CAS	
N.E.P	No especificado en otra parte	
mPmB	Muy persistente y muy bioacumulable	
WGK	Clase de peligro para el agua	

Consejos de formación

: Garantizar que el personal obtenga información y capacitación sobre la naturaleza de la exposición y las medidas básicas para minimizarla.

Texto íntegro de las frases H y EUH:		
EUH071 Corrosivo para las vías respiratorias.		
Eye Dam. 1	Lesiones oculares graves o irritación ocular, categoría 1	
H314	Provoca quemaduras graves en la piel y lesiones oculares graves.	
H318	Provoca lesiones oculares graves.	
Skin Corr. 1C	Irritación o corrosión cutáneas, categoría 1, subcategoría 1C	

## Corbion SDS EU

Esta información se basa en nuestro conocimiento actual y tiene como finalidad describir el producto para la tutela de la salud, seguridad y medio ambiente. Por lo tanto, no debe ser interpretada como garantía de ninguna característica específica del producto.



# EXPOSURE SCENARIO FOR COMMUNICATION

**Substance Name:** L-(+)-lactic acid

**EC Number:** 201-196-2 **CAS Number:** 79-33-4

**Registration Number:** 01-2119474164-39-0000 & 01-2119474164-39-0013

**Date of Generation/Revision:** 07/10/2021

Author: PURAC Biochem BV



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## 1. ES 1: Manufacture

## 1.1. Title section

ES name: Manufacture

Environment	
1: Manufacture of the substance	ERC 1
Worker	
2: Chemical production in closed process without likelihood of exposure	PROC 1
3: Chemical production in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 2
4: Manufacture in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
5: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
7: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
8: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
9: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
10: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 1.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	Training of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene. Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed	
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area	
Additional risk management measures and advice:	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)	

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- Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

## 1.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



## 2. ES 2: Formulation or re-packing

## 2.1. Title section

ES name: Formulation into mixture

Environment	
1: Formulation into matrix	ERC 2
Worker	
2: Chemical production in closed process without likelihood of exposure	PROC 1
3: Chemical production in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 2
4: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
5: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
6: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
7: Calendering operations	PROC 6
8: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
9: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
10: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
11: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
12: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
13: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
14: Manual activities involving hand contact	PROC 19
15: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
16: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 2.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	<ul> <li>Training of staff on good practice.</li> <li>Good standard of personal hygiene.</li> <li>Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed</li> </ul>	
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	<ul> <li>Minimization of staff exposed</li> <li>Segregation of the emitting process</li> <li>Effective contaminant extraction</li> <li>Good standard of general ventilation</li> <li>Minimization of manual phases</li> <li>Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects</li> <li>Regular cleaning of equipment and work area</li> </ul>	
Additional risk management measures and advice:	<ul> <li>Protective gloves:         <ul> <li>Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

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- Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes);
   thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield
  - Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
  - Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

#### Product (article) characteristics

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 2.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



## 3. ES 3: Formulation or re-packing

## 3.1. Title section

ES name: Formulation into solid matrix

Environment	
1: Formulation into solid matrix	ERC 3
Worker	
2: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions	PROC 1
3: Chemical production in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 2
4: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
5: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
6: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
7: Calendering operations	PROC 6
8: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
9: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
10: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
11: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
12: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelettisation, granulation	PROC 14
13: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
14: Manual activities involving hand contact	PROC 19
15: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
16: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 3.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 3.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	<ul> <li>Training of staff on good practice.</li> <li>Good standard of personal hygiene.</li> <li>Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed</li> </ul>	
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	<ul> <li>Minimization of staff exposed</li> <li>Segregation of the emitting process</li> <li>Effective contaminant extraction</li> <li>Good standard of general ventilation</li> <li>Minimization of manual phases</li> <li>Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects</li> <li>Regular cleaning of equipment and work area</li> </ul>	
Additional risk management measures and advice:	<ul> <li>Protective gloves:</li> <li>Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard</li> </ul>	

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T3 70 T 4		
HN37/1	pictograms:	MAC).
LIND/T.	Dictograms.	VCSI.

- o Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield
  - Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
  - Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - O Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

## **Product (article) characteristics**

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 3.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 3.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 4. ES 4: Use at industrial sites; Various products; Various sectors

## 4.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use of L-(+)-lactic acid as a non-reactive processing aid

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Adsorbents (PC 2), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Fertilizers (PC 12), Metal surface treatment products (PC 14), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Metal Working Fluids (PC 25), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Water softeners (PC 36), Water treatment chemicals (PC 37)

Sector of use: Agriculture, forestry, fishery (SU 1), Mining (without offshore industries) (SU 2a), Offshore industries (SU 2b), Manufacture of food products (SU 4), Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture of fine chemicals (SU 9)

Environment	
Environment	
1: Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)	ERC 4
Worker	
2: Chemical production in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 2
3: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
5: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
6: Calendering operations	PROC 6
7: Industrial spraying	PROC 7
8: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
9: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
10: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
11: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
12: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
13: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
14: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
15: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be expected	PROC 16
16: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process	PROC 17
17: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
18: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
19: Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive, professional use but closed systems	PROC 20
20: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
21: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/or articles	PROC 24
22: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
23: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 4.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 4.2.1. Control of worker exposure



The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  o Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

## **Product** (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and

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machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 4.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 4.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 5. ES 5: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 3, PC 4, PC 8, PC 9a, PC 9b, PC 9c, PC 14, PC 15, PC 20, PC 21, PC 24, PC 25, PC 31, PC 35, PC 37, PC 38); Various sectors (SU 8, SU 9)

## 5.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use of L-(+)-lactic acid as a reactive processing aid

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Air care products (PC 3), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Metal surface treatment products (PC 14), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Metal Working Fluids (PC 25), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Water treatment chemicals (PC 37), Welding and soldering products, flux products (PC 38)

Sector of use: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture of fine chemicals (SU 9)

Environment	•
1: Use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion)	ERC 6b
Worker	
2: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
3: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
4: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
5: Calendering operations	PROC 6
6: Industrial spraying	PROC 7
7: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
8: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
9: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
10: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
11: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
12: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
13: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
14: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be expected	PROC 16
15: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process	PROC 17
16: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
17: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
18: Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive, professional use but closed systems	PROC 20
19: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
20: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/or articles	PROC 24
21: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
22: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 5.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 5.2.1. Control of worker exposure



The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  o Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

Product	(article)	characteristics
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Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and



machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 5.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

## 5.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 6. ES 6: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 4, PC 21, PC 24); Various sectors (SU 2a, SU 2b, SU 17, SU 19, SU 23)

## 6.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use of L-(+)-lactic acid in functional fluids

Product category: Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24)

Sector of use: Mining (without offshore industries) (SU 2a), Offshore industries (SU 2b), General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment. (SU 17), Building and construction work (SU 19), Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment (SU 23)

Environment	
1: Use of functional fluid	ERC 7
Worker	
2: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
3: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
4: Industrial spraying	PROC 7
5: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
7: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
8: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
9: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
10: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
11: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
12: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be expected	PROC 16
13: Lubrication at high energy conditions and in partly open process	PROC 17
14: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
15: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
16: Heat and pressure transfer fluids in dispersive, professional use but closed systems	PROC 20
17: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in materials and/or articles	PROC 24
18: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
19: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 6.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 6.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	<ul> <li>Training of staff on good practice.</li> <li>Good standard of personal hygiene.</li> <li>Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed</li> </ul>	

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cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:  • Ef   • Go • M • A	gregation of the emitting process fective contaminant extraction ood standard of general ventilation inimization of manual phases roidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects gular cleaning of equipment and work area
measures and advice:  • Ey sa  • Sk a 1  • Re res	otective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. mpling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  in and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is isk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes espiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), spiratory protection equipment is required.  Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)  case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved ptective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

## **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use



Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 6.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 6.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 7. ES 7: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 9a, PC 18, PC 20, PC 23, PC 26, PC 32, PC 34); Various sectors (SU 4, SU 5, SU 6a, SU 6b, SU 7, SU 11, SU 12, SU 13, SU 18)

## 7.1. Title section

ES name: *Industrial use of L-(+)-lactic acid for producing articles* 

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Ink and Toners (PC 18), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Leather treatment products (PC 23), Paper and board treatment products (PC 26), Polymer Preparations and Compounds (PC 32), Textile dyes and impregnating products (PC 34)

Sector of use: Manufacture of food products (SU 4), Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur (SU 5), Manufacture of wood and wood products (SU 6a), Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products (SU 6b), Printing and reproduction of recorded media (SU 7), Manufacture of rubber products (SU 11), Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion (SU 12), Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU 13), Manufacture of furniture (SU 18)

e.g. prasters, coment (80 13), transfactor of farmetic (80 10)			
Environment			
1: Use leading to inclusion into/onto article	ERC 5		
Worker			
2: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5		
3: Industrial spraying	PROC 7		
4: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a		
5: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b		
6: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10		
7: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13		
8: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28		
Subsequent service life exposure scenario(s)			
ES 18: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles			
ES 19: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles (AC 0, AC 1, AC 7, AC 10, AC 11, AC 13)			
ES 20: Service life (professional worker); Various articles (AC 4a, AC 4g)			
ES 21: Service life (consumers); Various articles			

## 7.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 7.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures			
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed	
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling,	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process	

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cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  O Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  O Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  • Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

## Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

Droduct !	(artiala)	characteristics
Product	arucie	) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

## Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

## Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C



## 7.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 7.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 8. ES 8: Use at industrial sites; Various products; Various sectors

## 8.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use as process regulator in polymerisation processes

Product category: Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Water treatment chemicals (PC 37) Sector of use: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture

Sector of use: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture of fine chemicals (SU 9), Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion (SU 12)

Environment	
1: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers	ERC 6d
Worker	
2: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
3: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
4: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
5: Calendering operations	PROC 6
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
7: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
8: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
9: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
10: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
11: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
12: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 8.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 8.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	• C	Craining of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene. Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	<ul><li>S</li><li>E</li><li>C</li><li>M</li><li>A</li></ul>	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	• P	Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride

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- (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);
- o Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms; yes)
- Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield
  - Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
  - Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 8.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

#### 8.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the



## boundaries set by the ES



# 9. ES 9: Use at industrial sites; Various products; Various sectors

#### 9.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use as intermediate

Product category: Adsorbents (PC 2), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Water softeners (PC 36), Water treatment chemicals (PC 37)

Sector of use: Manufacture of food products (SU 4), Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including

petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture of fine chemicals (SU 9)

Environment	
1: Use of intermediate	ERC 6a
Worker	
2: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
3: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
4: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
5: Calendering operations	PROC 6
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
7: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
8: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
9: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
10: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
11: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
12: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 9.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 9.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  o Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride



- (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);
- Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes);
   thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
- Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms; yes)
- Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield
  - Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
  - Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 9.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

### 9.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the



## boundaries set by the ES



## 10. ES 10: Use at industrial sites; Other (PC 0)

### 10.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use of L-(+)-lactic acid as a monomer

Product category: Other (PC 0)

Environment	
1: Use of monomer in polymerisation processes at industrial site (inclusion or not into/onto article)	ERC 6c
Worker	
2: Chemical production in closed process without likelihood of exposure	PROC 1
3: Chemical production in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 2
4: Manufacture in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
5: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
6: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
7: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 10.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 10.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures	
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	<ul> <li>Training of staff on good practice.</li> <li>Good standard of personal hygiene.</li> <li>Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed</li> </ul>
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	<ul> <li>Minimization of staff exposed</li> <li>Segregation of the emitting process</li> <li>Effective contaminant extraction</li> <li>Good standard of general ventilation</li> <li>Minimization of manual phases</li> <li>Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects</li> <li>Regular cleaning of equipment and work area</li> </ul>
Additional risk management measures and advice:	<ul> <li>Protective gloves:         <ul> <li>Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);</li> <li>Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)</li> <li>Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield         <ul> <li>Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)</li> <li>Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 10.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 10.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 11. ES 11: Use at industrial sites; Other (PC 0); Building and construction work (SU 19)

### 11.1. Title section

ES name: Building and construction preparations

Product category: Other (PC 0)

Sector of use: Building and construction work (SU 19)

Environment	
1: Use leading to inclusion into/onto article	ERC 5
Worker	
2: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
3: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
4: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
5: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
6: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28
Subsequent service life exposure scenario(s)	
ES 18: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles	
ES 20: Service life (professional worker); Various articles (AC 4a, AC 4g)	
ES 21: Service life (consumers); Various articles	

## 11.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 11.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene. Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield



- Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 11.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 11.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 12. ES 12: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors

#### 12.1. Title section

ES name: Professional use of L-(+)-lactic acid as a non-reactive processing aid

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Air care products (PC 3), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Fertilizers (PC 12), Metal surface treatment products (PC 14), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Metal Working Fluids (PC 25), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Welding and soldering products, flux products (PC 38)

Sector of use: Agriculture, forestry, fishery (SU 1), Health services (SU 20)

Sector of use. Agriculture, forestry, fishery (50 1), freatin services (50 20)	
Environment	
1: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	ERC 8d, ERC 8a
Worker	
2: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure	PROC 3
3: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
4: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
5: Industrial spraying	PROC 7
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
7: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
8: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
9: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
10: Non industrial spraying	PROC 11
11: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
12: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
13: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
14: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be expected	PROC 16
15: Lubrication at high energy conditions in metal working operations	PROC 17
16: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
17: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
18: Use of functional fluids in small devices	PROC 20
19: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles	PROC 24
20: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
21: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 12.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 12.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:



Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  O Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  O Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  • Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure



Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 12.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 12.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Scaling is not considered appropriate for this substance as no quantitative risk assessment was performed and a generic set of risk management measures is proposed.



# 13. ES 13: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Other

## 13.1. Title section

ES name: Professional use of L-(+)-lactic acid as a reactive processing aid

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Air care products (PC 3), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Fertilizers (PC 12), Metal surface treatment products (PC 14), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Metal Working Fluids (PC 25), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Welding and soldering products, flux products (PC 38)

Sector of use: Other (SU 0)

bector of use. Other (be o)	
Environment	
1: Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	ERC 8e, ERC 8b
Worker	
2: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
3: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
4: Industrial spraying	PROC 7
5: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
6: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
7: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
8: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
9: Non industrial spraying	PROC 11
10: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
11: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
12: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
13: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be expected	PROC 16
14: Lubrication at high energy conditions in metal working operations	PROC 17
15: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
16: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
17: Use of functional fluids in small devices	PROC 20
18: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles	PROC 24
19: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
20: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28

## 13.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 13.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures	
General risk management measures	Training of staff on good practice.



and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes  Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)  In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### **Product** (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 



## 13.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 13.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 14. ES 14: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors

#### 14.1. Title section

ES name: Professional use of L-(+)-lactic acid in functional fluids

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Air care products (PC 3), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Coatings and Paints, Thinners, paint removers (PC 9a), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Fertilizers (PC 12), Metal surface treatment products (PC 14), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Laboratory Chemicals (PC 21), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Metal Working Fluids (PC 25), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35), Water treatment chemicals (PC 37), Welding and soldering products, flux products (PC 38) Sector of use: Other (SU 0), Agriculture, forestry, fishery (SU 1), Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) (SU 8), Manufacture of fine chemicals (SU 9)

**Environment** 1: Widespread use of functional fluid ERC 9b, ERC 9a Worker 2: Formulation in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure PROC 3 3: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises PROC 4 4: Mixing or blending in batch processes PROC 5 5: Calendering operations PROC 6 6: *Industrial spraying* PROC 7 7: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities PROC 8a 8: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities PROC 8b 9: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers PROC 9 10: Roller application or brushing PROC 10 11: Non industrial spraying PROC 11 12: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC 13 13: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation PROC 14 14: Use as laboratory reagent PROC 15 15: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to un-burned product to be PROC 16 expected 16: Lubrication at high energy conditions in metal working operations PROC 17 17: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions PROC 18 18: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available PROC 19 19: Use of functional fluids in small devices PROC 20 20: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or PROC 21 articles 21: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or PROC 24 PROC 26 22: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature 23: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery PROC 28

## 14.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 14.2.1. Control of worker exposure



The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice.  Good standard of personal hygiene.  Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  o Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

Product	(article)	characteristics
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Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those



described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

## 14.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 14.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 15. ES 15: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors

#### 15.1. Title section

ES name: Professional use of L-(+)-lactic acid for producing articles

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31)

Sector of use: Manufacture of food products (SU 4), Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur (SU 5), Manufacture of wood and wood products (SU 6a), Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products (SU 6b), Printing and reproduction of recorded media (SU 7), Manufacture of rubber products (SU 11), Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion (SU 12), Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU 13), Manufacture of furniture (SU 18)

Environment	
1: Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor)	ERC 8f
Worker	
2: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises	PROC 4
3: Mixing or blending in batch processes	PROC 5
4: Transfer of substance or mixture at non-dedicated facilities	PROC 8a
5: Transfer of substance or mixture at dedicated facilities	PROC 8b
6: Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers	PROC 9
7: Roller application or brushing	PROC 10
8: Non industrial spraying	PROC 11
9: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	PROC 13
10: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	PROC 14
11: Use as laboratory reagent	PROC 15
12: General greasing/lubrication at high kinetic energy conditions	PROC 18
13: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	PROC 19
14: Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature	PROC 26
15: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 28
Subsequent service life exposure scenario(s)	
ES 18: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles	
ES 19: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles (AC 0, AC 1, AC 7, AC 10, AC 11, AC 13)	
ES 21: Service life (consumers); Various articles	

## 15.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 15.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed	•	Training of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene.



system:	•	Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  O Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  O Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)
	•	Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
	•	Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  O Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes  Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes  O Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
	•	Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  • Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
	•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

### **Product** (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C



## 15.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 15.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



## 16. ES 16: Consumer use; Various products

#### 16.1. Title section

ES name: Consumer use (with service life)

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35)

Environment	
1: Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor)	ERC 8f
Consumer	
2: Adhesives, Sealants	PC 1
3: Anti-Freeze and De-icing products	PC 4
4: Biocidal Products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control)	PC 8
5: Fillers, Putties	PC 9b
6: Finger Paints	PC 9c
7: Non-metal-surface treatment products	PC 15
8: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents, other unspecific	PC 20
9: Lubricants, Greases and Release Products	PC 24
10: Polishes and Wax Blends	PC 31
11: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products)	PC 35
Subsequent service life exposure scenario(s)	
ES 21: Service life (consumers); Various articles	

## 16.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 16.2.1. Control of consumer exposure: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## **16.2.2.** Control of consumer exposure: *Anti-Freeze and De-icing products* (PC 4)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.3. Control of consumer exposure: *Biocidal Products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control)* (PC 8)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.4. Control of consumer exposure: Fillers, Putties (PC 9b)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.5. Control of consumer exposure: Finger Paints (PC 9c)



#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## **16.2.6.** Control of consumer exposure: *Non-metal-surface treatment products* (PC 15)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.7. Control of consumer exposure: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents, other unspecific (PC 20)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.8. Control of consumer exposure: *Lubricants, Greases and Release Products* (PC 24)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 16.2.9. Control of consumer exposure: *Polishes and Wax Blends* (PC 31)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.2.10. Control of consumer exposure: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products) (PC 35)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 16.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 16.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



## 17. ES 17: Consumer use; Various products

#### 17.1. Title section

ES name: Consumer use (without service life)

Product category: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1), Anti-Freeze and De-icing products (PC 4), Biocidal Products (PC 8), Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC 9b), Finger paints (PC 9c), Non-metal-surface treatment products (PC 15), Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents (PC 20), Lubricants, Greases, Release Products (PC 24), Polishes and Wax Blends (PC 31), Washing and Cleaning Products (PC 35)

Environment	
1: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	ERC 8d, ERC 8a
Consumer	
2: Adhesives, Sealants	PC 1
3: Anti-Freeze and De-icing products	PC 4
4: Biocidal Products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control)	PC 8
5: Fillers, Putties	PC 9b
6: Finger paints	PC 9c
7: Non-metal-surface treatment products	PC 15
8: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents, other unspecific	PC 20
9: Lubricants, Greases and Release Products	PC 24
10: Polishes and Wax Blends	PC 31
11: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products)	PC 35

## 17.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 17.2.1. Control of consumer exposure: Adhesives, Sealants (PC 1)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.2. Control of consumer exposure: *Anti-Freeze and De-icing products* (PC 4)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.3. Control of consumer exposure: *Biocidal Products (e.g. Disinfectants, pest control)* (PC 8)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

### 17.2.4. Control of consumer exposure: Fillers, Putties (PC 9b)

Product (article) characteristics	
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

## 17.2.5. Control of consumer exposure: Finger paints (PC 9c)

Product (article) characteristics	
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Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.6. Control of consumer exposure: *Non-metal-surface treatment products* (PC 15)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.7. Control of consumer exposure: Products such as ph-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents, other unspecific (PC 20)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.8. Control of consumer exposure: *Lubricants, Greases and Release Products* (PC 24)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 17.2.9. Control of consumer exposure: *Polishes and Wax Blends* (PC 31)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.2.10. Control of consumer exposure: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products) (PC 35)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 17.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 17.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 18. ES 18: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles

### 18.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial processing of articles

Article category: Other (AC 0), Vehicles (AC 1), Metal articles (AC 7), Rubber articles (AC 10), Wood articles (AC 11), Plastic articles (AC 13)

(AC 11), Flastic articles (AC 13)	
Environment	
1: Processing of articles at industrial sites with low release	ERC 12b, ERC 12a
Worker	
2: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials and/or articles	PROC 21
3: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles	PROC 24
4: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 0
Exposure scenario of the uses leading to the inclusion of the substance into the article	
ES 7: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 9a, PC 18, PC 20, PC 23, PC 26, PC 32, PC 34); Various sectors (SU 4, SU 5, SU 6a, SU 6b, SU 7, SU 11, SU 12, SU 13, SU 18)	
ES 11: Use at industrial sites; Other (PC 0); Building and construction work (SU 19)	
ES 15: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors	

## 18.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 18.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures	
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	<ul> <li>Training of staff on good practice.</li> <li>Good standard of personal hygiene.</li> <li>Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed</li> </ul>
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	<ul> <li>Minimization of staff exposed</li> <li>Segregation of the emitting process</li> <li>Effective contaminant extraction</li> <li>Good standard of general ventilation</li> <li>Minimization of manual phases</li> <li>Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects</li> <li>Regular cleaning of equipment and work area</li> </ul>
Additional risk management measures and advice:	<ul> <li>Protective gloves:         <ul> <li>Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);</li> <li>Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (&gt; 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)</li> <li>Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



pictograms: yes)

- Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g. sampling): face shield
  - Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
  - Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Liquid

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 18.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 18.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 19. ES 19: Service life (worker at industrial site); Various articles (AC 0, AC 1, AC 7, AC 10, AC 11, AC 13)

### 19.1. Title section

ES name: Industrial use of articles

Article category: Other (AC 0), Vehicles (AC 1), Metal articles (AC 7), Rubber articles (AC 10), Wood articles (AC 11), Plastic articles (AC 13)

();	
Environment	
1: Use of articles at industrial sites with low release	ERC 12c
Worker	
2: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
3: Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery	PROC 0
Exposure scenario of the uses leading to the inclusion of the substance into the article	
ES 7: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 9a, PC 18, PC 20, PC 23, PC 26, PC 32, PC 34); Various sectors (SU 4, SU 5, SU 6a, SU 6b, SU 7, SU 11, SU 12, SU 13, SU 18)	
ES 15: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors	

## 19.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 19.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures	Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene. Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed	
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area	
Additional risk management measures and advice:	•	Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  O Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  O Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g.	
		sampling): face shield  Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166;	



•	pictograms: yes)  o Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)  Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.  o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes o Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034;
•	pictogram: yes  o Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.  o Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
•	In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved

protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 19.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 19.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



# 20. ES 20: Service life (professional worker); Various articles (AC 4a, AC 4g)

### 20.1. Title section

ES name: Use of articles/materials by professionals (high/low release)

Article category: Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC 4a), Other articles made of stone, plaster, cement, glass or ceramic (AC 4g)

arrieres made of stone, plaster, cement, glass of ceramic (Te 1g)	
Environment	
1: Use of articles by professionals	ERC 10b, ERC 10a, ERC 11a, ERC 11b
Worker	
2: Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or articles	PROC 21
3: High (mechanical) energy work-up of substances bound in /on materials and/or articles	PROC 24
Exposure scenario of the uses leading to the inclusion of the substance into the article	
ES 7: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 9a, PC 18, PC 20, PC 23, PC 26, PC 32, PC 34); Various sectors (SU 4, SU 5, SU 6a, SU 6b, SU 7, SU 11, SU 12, SU 13, SU 18)	
ES 11: Use at industrial sites; Other (PC 0); Building and construction work (SU 19)	

## 20.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 20.2.1. Control of worker exposure

The substance is classified for serious eye damage and skin corrosion (moderate hazard, respectively) and additionally labelled as EUH071. Implementation of the following RMMs will ensure that risks due to the irritating properties are controlled to a level of no concern:

Risk management measures		
General risk management measures and advice for operating a closed system:	•	Training of staff on good practice. Good standard of personal hygiene. Management/supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed
For handling the substance outside a closed system (e.g. sampling, cleaning, etc.) additional safety measures have to be adopted:	•	Minimization of staff exposed Segregation of the emitting process Effective contaminant extraction Good standard of general ventilation Minimization of manual phases Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects Regular cleaning of equipment and work area
Additional risk management measures and advice:		Protective gloves:  O Material: Butyl rubber, chloroprene rubber, polyvinylchloride (Permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.5 mm; standard EN374; pictograms: yes);  O Material: Nitrile rubber (permeation 6 (> 480 minutes); thickness 0.35 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  O Material: FKM; (thickness 0.4 mm; Standard EN374; pictograms: yes)  Eye protection: Safety goggles; if there is a risk of splashes (e.g.



sampling): face shield

- Safety goggles (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Face shield (use: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN166; pictograms: yes)
- Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing; if there is a risk of large splashes (e.g. transfer): use protective apron.
  - o Safety boots (high shoes): standard: EN13832; pictogram: yes
  - Long-sleeved protective clothing: standard: 13034; pictogram: yes
  - Protective apron: Standard: EN14605: type 3; pictograms: yes
- Respiratory protection: In case of spraying (not closed system), respiratory protection equipment is required.
  - o Full-face mask (filter type: A, high boiling point organic compound (> 65 °C); condition: aerosols, droplets; standard: EN 140)
- In case of spills/calamities: Face shield, safety boots, long-sleeved protective clothing, protective gloves.

#### Conditions of use applicable to all contributing scenarios

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Liquid

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 8 h/day

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Assumes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained personal operating under supervision.; Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines.; Clear spills immediately.; Ensure daily cleaning of the equipment.

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.; If skin contamination is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then these body parts should also be protected with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to those described for the hands.; For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Use suitable eye protection.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to 40 °C

## 20.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 20.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES



## 21. ES 21: Service life (consumers); Various articles

#### 21.1. Title section

ES name: *Use of articles by consumers (high release)* 

Article category: Vehicles (AC 1), Machinery, mechanical appliances, electrical/electronic articles (AC 2), Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC 4a), Other articles made of stone, plaster, cement, glass or ceramic (AC 4g), Metal articles (AC 7), Rubber articles (AC 10), Wood articles (AC 11), Plastic articles (AC 13)

(110 11), 1 monto un monto (110 10)	
Environment	
1: Widespread use of articles with high or intended release (outdoor)	ERC 10b, ERC 10a, ERC 11a, ERC 11b
Consumer	
2: Vehicles	AC 1
3: Machinery, mechanical appliances, eletrical/electronic articles	AC 2
4: Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles	AC 4a
5: Concrete containing lactic acid as additive	AC 4g
6: Metal articles	AC 7
7: Rubber articles	AC 10
8: Wood articles	AC 11
9: Plastic articles	AC 13
Exposure scenario of the uses leading to the inclusion of the substance into the article	
ES 7: Use at industrial sites; Various products (PC 1, PC 9a, PC 18, PC 20, PC 23, PC 26, PC 32, PC 34); Various sectors (SU 4, SU 5, SU 6a, SU 6b, SU 7, SU 11, SU 12, SU 13, SU 18)	
ES 11: Use at industrial sites; Other (PC 0); Building and construction work (SU 19)	
ES 15: Widespread use by professional workers; Various products; Various sectors	
ES 16: Consumer use; Various products	

## 21.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 21.2.1. Control of consumer exposure: Vehicles (AC 1)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## **21.2.2.** Control of consumer exposure: *Machinery, mechanical appliances, eletrical/electronic articles* (AC 2)

Product (article) characteristics	
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

## 21.2.3. Control of consumer exposure: Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC 4a)

Product (article) characteristics
Covers concentrations up to 100 %

## 21.2.4. Control of consumer exposure: Concrete containing lactic acid as additive (AC 4g)

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#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 21.2.5. Control of consumer exposure: *Metal articles* (AC 7)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 21.2.6. Control of consumer exposure: Rubber articles (AC 10)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 21.2.7. Control of consumer exposure: Wood articles (AC 11)

#### **Product** (article) characteristics

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### 21.2.8. Control of consumer exposure: *Plastic articles* (AC 13)

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

### 21.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

A quantitative risk assessment is not required based on the hazard profile of the substance (only acute local effects applicable).

# 21.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES